度 第 桃 園 市 立 慈 文 國 中 年 期 題 庫 1 1 0 英文 02 翰林版 第五冊 (全) 九年 班 號 一、字彙選擇 答案:(B) 解析:已把髒衣服放進洗衣「機」了嗎? ()There are many _____ of dresses in that 1. department store. Let's go shopping there. ()Andrew spends long hours studying every night. He is a(n) _____ student.〔95.基測 I 〕 (A) types (B) choices (C) tips (D) drums (A) hard-working (B) honest (C) lucky 答案:(A) 解析:那間百貨公司有很多「類型」的洋裝。讓我們去那 (D) polite 逛街吧。 答案:(A) 解析:Andrew 每晚花好幾個小時讀書,是個「認真的」 ()Tell me what the _____ is to wake up your 2. 學生。(D)有禮貌的。 computer. (A) file (B) quiz (C) cloud (D) wake word)Don't you need some _____ and a pair of 10. scissors (剪刀) to wrap (包裝) the present for 答案:(D) 解析:告訴我「喚醒字詞」是什麼以便喚醒你的電腦。 Mom?)Some dogs' have been cut off just (A) tape (B) mud (C) bottom (D) pleasure because humans (人類) think they're cuter that 答案:(A) 解析: 你不需要一些「膠帶」和一把剪刀來包裝給媽媽的 way. 禮物嗎? (A) tails (B) pins (C) nouns (D) meanings ()Elephants are the largest animals on ____ 11. 解析:一些狗的「尾巴」被剪斷就只是因為人類覺得牠們 $(A) \ \text{world} \quad (B) \ \text{history} \quad (C) \ \text{news} \quad (D) \ \text{land}$ 這樣比較可愛。 答案:(D) 解析:大象是「陸地」上最大型的動物。)Before we start today's lessons, please 4. the app(應用程式)first. ()Jerry Kuo is a very successful . Many 12. people like to buy his goods. $\ (A)$ businessman (A) act (B) download (C) forget (D) mean (B) cosplayer (C) attention (D) knowledge 答案:(B) 解析:開始今天的課程之前,請先「下載」app。 答案:(A) 解析:Jerry Kuo 是一個非常成功的「商人」。許多人喜歡)In Taiwan, the driver's seat is on the 購買他的商品。 left (A) tape (B) cover (C) blank (D) side 二、文法選擇 答案:(D) 解析:在臺灣,駕駛者的座位在左「側;邊」。)The sweater _____ in Taiwan, so it won't ___ 1.)Mrs. Lin is very angry because she found lan ___ by John. He hates to wear anything made in on the English test. (A) interesting (B) cheating China. (A) doesn't make; wear (B) wasn't (C) sending (D) believing made; have worn (C) isn't made; be worn 答案:(B) (D) hasn't made; wear 解析:Mrs. Lin 很生氣,因為她發現 Ian 在英文考試時 答案:(C) 解析:這毛衣不是臺灣「製」的,用「現在式被動語 「作弊」。 態」,所以它將不「被」John「穿」,用「未來式被 7. ()Wait! They aren't real cakes. 動語態」。他討厭穿任何中國製的東西。 are _____, so you can't eat them. (A) buns (B) grapes (C) towels (D) cookies 2. ()Why don't we go over the article 答案:(C) how to write English well again and again? 解析:它們不是真的蛋糕,而是「毛巾」,所以你不能把 (A) that teaches (B) who is teaching (C) to 它們吃了。 teach (D) which have taught 答案:(A) 8. ()Have you put your dirty clothes into the 解析:先行詞 the article,其後的關係代名詞因句首有 washing _____ yet? I'm going to wash the Wh-疑問詞,最好用 that,再接現在式單數動詞。 clothes right away.

3.

)Anyone _____ wants to join the dance club

can sign up after class.

(A) fridge (B) machine (C) refrigerator

(D) assistant

$(A) \times (B)$ who (C) when (D) which	(A) which (B) what (C) in which (D) that
答案:(B)	<u>答案</u> :(C)
4. ()All to me is yours. So, honey, stop	解析:I met Selina in this restaurant,所以關代前面需要
being angry with me, will you?	in ·
(A) that is (B) which belongs (C) that belongs	12. ()Ann: The girl I made friends during
(D) which are	my trip to Taitung is Lisa's sister. Zoe: What a smal
答案:(C)	world!
解析: 先行詞是 All 時,關係代名詞通常用 that,若選(A)	(A) who (B) that (C) with whom (D) whom
題目須是 <u>All that is mine</u> is yours.,故只能選(C)。	答案:(C)
5. ()Jason likes the girl White looks	解析:make friends with+人,所以關代前面需要 with,
good on her. (A) with blue hair (B) in white	且 with 為介系詞,所以關代要用受格形式。
(C) has a small mouth (D) wears red shoes	13. ()Most of Jeff's best books when he
答案:(B)	was sick and poor.〔95.基測Ⅱ〕
解析:in+穿著或顏色。	(A) have written (B) were written
6. ()The smell of the pizza was so good that it	(C) would write (D) wrote
up the kids in the room.	答案:(B)
(A) was woken (B) woke (C) wakes (D)	解析:「書」是「被寫」,而且時式是過去式,故用「過去
waking	式被動語態」。
答案:(B)	14. ()After you told her the story, she
解析:味道「喚醒了」房間內的小孩,用「過去式主	couldn't stay in her bedroom by herself.
· 動」。	(A) scary (B) scared (C) interesting
7. ()Romeo and Juliet	(D) interested
Shakespeare.	答案:(A)
(A) wrote; about (B) is written; with	解析:你告訴她那個「可怕的」故事後,她無法獨自一人
(C) writes; of (D) was written; by	特在臥室裡,用 scary 修飾 story。
答案:(D)	15. ()My brother to drive a car
解析:Romeo and Juliet 是在過去的時間裡被 Shakespeare	more than one month.
寫出來的,故本句用「過去式被動語態」,即「過	(A) has learned; for (B) has learned; since
去式 be 動詞 was+p.p.+by+人」。	(C) is learning; for (D) learned; since
8. ()Mr. Clark is too busy time with his	
family.	解析:用「現在完成式」表達「持續」,因句尾是「一段
(A) spends (B) spending (C) to spend	時間」,其前的介系詞用 for。
(D) spent	16. ()Rita: Have you tried that famous ice cream
答案:(C)	yet? Mina: Yes, I have tried it. It's
解析:too+adj.+(for+人)+to+原形動詞…:太…而	delicious!
無法···。	(A) already (B) never (C) ever (D) yet
9. ()Annie was nervous anything	答案:(A)
in front of people. (A) so; to say (B) so; saying	解析:already 用在肯定句、never 用在否定句、ever 用在
(C) too; to say (D) too; saying	疑問句、yet 用在疑問句跟否定句,由答句可知,
答案:(C)	應用 already。
解析:too+adj.+(for+人)+to+原形動詞:太…而無	17. ()The idea is shopping for things more
	convenient.
10. ()The house in we lived for more than	(A) make (B) made (C) makes (D) to make
twenty years was sold last week.	答案:(D)
(A) that (B) whom (C) which (D) \times	解析: 利用不定詞… (to V) 當「主詞補語」。
答案:(C)	18. ()ROC the Republic of China.
解析:介系詞放在關代前面時要用受格形式,此時關代不	(A) stands for (B) gives up (C) blows up
可用that,且關代不能省略。	(D) knocks on
	答案:(A)
11. ()This is the restaurant I met Selina for	解析:ROC「代表」the Republic of China(中華民國)。
the first time two years ago.	[[]]·NOC N公 the nepublic of Cliffid (中華民國 / °

19. () Amelia's help, the poor cat can finally	(A) got mad yesterday (B) took a picture last
have a home.	week (C) likes the most (D) have worked for
(A) Since (B) Although (C) Because of	since 2014
(D) Because	<u>答案</u> :(C)
答案:(C)	解析:(A)須改成 got mad with yesterday (B)須改成 took a
解析:只有(C)後面可以加名詞,其他選項都是連接詞,	picture with last week (D) have 須改成 has。
後必須加子句。	27. ()Hank: Have you met that famous
20. ()Abby: You your report, haven't you?	writer? Nina: No, I haven't.
Billy: No. I'm still working on it.	(A) never (B) ever (C) already (D) no
$(A) \ did (B) \ have (C) \ are \ doing$	答案:(B)
(D) have done	解析:妳「曾經」見過那有名的作家嗎?ever 用在疑問
答案:(D)	句。
21. ()Vincent to Sun Moon Lake before,	28. ()Fiona loves listening to her children sing songs
and he and his family will go there this weekend.	at school.〔110.會考〕
(A) has never been (B) have been	(A) are learned (B) that learned
(C) has been never (D) have ever been	(C) they learned (D) that they are learned
答案:(A)	答案:(C)
解析:由句意可知是從未去過,頻率副詞要放在 has 跟	解析:先行詞 songs,其後當受格的關係代名詞 which /
been 的中間。	that 予以省略,再接 they learned at school,即「她
22. ()Our pet dog, Money, looks a little hungry	的孩子在學校學到的歌曲」。
she yet?	29. ()Ray is the plans for the summer
(A) Will; be fed (B) Has; been feeding	vacation. (A) exciting about (B) excited about
(C) Is; going to feed (D) Has; been fed	(C) exciting to (D) excited to
答案:(D)	答案:(B)
解析:我們的寵物狗,Money,看起來有點餓了。她「已	解析:人+be V+excited about+事物。
被餵食」了嗎?用「現在完成式被動語態」作答。	30. ()Don't you know you have talked on
23. ()Alice: Do you know Grandma is going	the phone? Over two hours! Aren't you thirsty?
to visit us? Willy: It's next week. She told me on	(A) how far (B) how long (C) how soon
the phone. And we'll take her to the national	(D) how much
park.〔107.會考〕	答案:(B)
(A) where (B) when (C) whether (D) why	解析:講電話講「多久」了?二個多小時了!你不口渴
答案:(B)	嗎?
解析:由 Willy 回答「下星期」得知是詢問「何時」。	
24. ()Rosa is twenty years old. She is to	三、 對話與完成句子
drive a car.	1. ()The airport was so big
(A) not old enough (B) too young	(A) for them to have trouble getting to their gate
(C) not too old (D) old enough	(登機門) (B) to be open all year round (C)
答案:(D)	that they found their gate easily $\ (D)$ that they
解析:Rosa 二十歲。她年紀「夠大」能開車了。	spent some time getting to their gate
25. ()Please tell me	答案:(D)
(A) what is that $\ (B)$ when you get here	解析:so+形容詞+that+句子(主詞+動詞),語意上
(C) what is the matter (D) how could that	「機場這麼大以致於他們花了一些時間才到達登機
happen	門。」。
答案:(C)	2. ()Man: Excuse me Zoe: I guess not.
解析:名詞子句須用「疑問詞+主詞+動詞」或「疑問詞	You can sit down if you like.
 (主詞)+動詞」的字序排列。(A)(B)(D)須分別	(A) Is this seat taken?
改成 what that is / when you will get here / how that	(B) Can I take a seat beside you? (C) How come
could happen 。	you did an OK sign? (D) It appears that the seat
26. ()The movie star who she is getting	next to yours is for me.
more and more famous.	答案:(A)

解析:	男子詢問 Zoe「這位子有人坐嗎?」Zoe 才會以
	「沒有。如果你喜歡可以就坐。」回應。
3.	()She likes to be alone now, but she was totally
	different before.
	$(A)\ \mbox{She}$ hated getting together with her friends in
	her place. (B) She enjoyed chatting on the
	Internet. (C) She was no stranger to all her
	neighbors. $\ (D)$ She used to invite many friends of
	hers to her house.
答案:	(D)
解析:	她現在喜歡獨居,但是以前完全不一樣。「她過去
	時常邀請她的很多朋友到她家。」。
4.	()Eric: I heard Patrick crying loudly in the
	classroom Jenny: He failed the math
	test again.
	(A) Which group does he belong to? (B) What's
	going on with him? (C) Why is he always in a
	deep voice? (D) Can he pay more attention?
答案:	(B)
解析:	Eric 聽到 Patrick 在教室裡大哭,所以問「他怎麼
	了?」。
5.	()Johnson was very thirsty after he played
	basketball. He and drank it right away.
	(A) bought some hot soup from the stand $\ (B)$
	carried lots of ice cream $\ (C)$ took out a few
	apples (D) filled his bottle with water
答案:	(D)
解析:	Johnson 在打完籃球之後很渴,他用杯子裝滿水,
	然後立刻喝掉它。(A)為錯誤選項,因為「喝湯」
	的動詞要用 eat 而非 drink。
6.	()Billy: If you want to get good grades, I have
	some tips for you. Nina:
	(A) You got it. (B) That's crazy.
	(C) How about you? (D) I'm all ears.
答案:	
解析:	Billy 將分享一些得到好成績的祕訣給 Nina,故
	Nina 應是「洗耳恭聽」。
7.	()Try to find out
	(A) what are you good at (B) how can it be fixed
	(C) how that could happen (D) what don't you
	like
答案:	
解析:	(A)須改成 you are (B)須改成 it can be
	(D)須改成 you don't。
8.	()The towel Do you have a smaller
	one?
	(A) was on the chair ten minutes ago (B) was
	from a strange guest (C) is big enough to dry her
	body $\;\;({\mathbb D})$ is too big for the little girl

答案:(D)

解析:「毛巾對小女孩而言太大了」,要小條一點的。